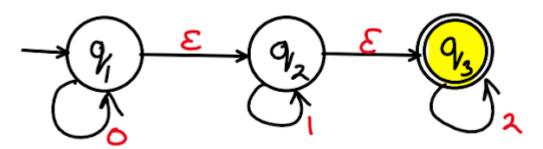
RGPV PYQs



NFA with \in

Solution.

Step 01: Find \in -closure of (q1), (q2) and (q3).

- \in -closure of (q1) = {q1, q2, q3}
- \in -closure of (q2) = {q2, q3}
- \in -closure of (q3) = {q3}

For each state find the next state for each input.

See the table below,

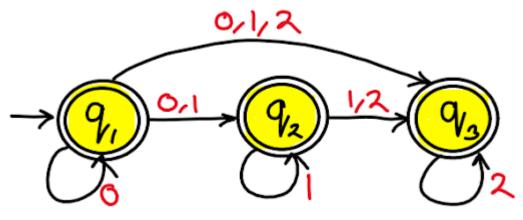
State	0	1	2
->q1	{q1,q2,q3}	{q2,q3}	{q3}
q2	φ	{q2,q3}	{q3}
q3	φ	φ	{q3}

From the question diagram, it is clear that only with ∈ input q1 and q2 state can reach to the

final state.

So, now without \in input, q1 and q2 is also treated as final states.

As shown in diagram below.



NFA without ∈

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- 46. NDFA accepting two consecutive a's or two consecutive b's.
- 47. Regular expresion to CFG
- 48. Regular expression to Regular grammar
- 49. Grammar is ambiguous. S → aSbS|bSaS|€
- 50. leftmost and rightmost derivations
- 51. Construct Moore machine for Mealy machine
- 52. RGPV TOC PYOs
- 53. Introduction to Automata Theory
- 54. Design a NFA that accepts the language over the alphabet, $\Sigma = \{0, 1, 2\}$ where the decimal equivalent of the language is divisible by 3.